

Elliptic Curves

(PARI-GP version 2.9.0)

An elliptic curve is initially given by 5-tuple $v = [a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_6]$ attached to Weierstrass model or simply $[a_4, a_6]$. It must be converted to an *ell* struct.

Initialize <i>ell</i> struct over domain D	E = ellinit ($v, \{D = 1\}$)
over Q	$D = 1$
over \mathbf{F}_p	$D = p$
over $\mathbf{F}_q, q = p^f$	$D = \mathbf{ffgen}([p, f])$
over \mathbf{Q}_p , precision n	$D = O(p^n)$
over C , current bitprecision	$D = 1.0$
over number field K	$D = nf$

Points are $[x,y]$, the origin is $[0]$. Struct members accessed as **E.member**:

- All domains: **E.a1,a2,a3,a4,a6, b2,b4,b6,b8, c4,c6, disc, j**
 - E defined over **R** or **C**
 - x -coords. of points of order 2 **E.roots**
 - periods / quasi-periods **E.omega, E.eta**
 - volume of complex lattice **E.area**
 - E defined over \mathbf{Q}_p
 - residual characteristic **E.p**
 - If $|p| > 1$: Tate's $[u^2, u, q, [a, b], \mathcal{L}]$ **E.tate**
 - E defined over \mathbf{F}_q
 - characteristic **E.p**
 - $\#E(\mathbf{F}_q)/\text{cyclic structure/generators}$ **E.no, E.cyc, E.gen**
 - E defined over **Q**
 - generators of $E(\mathbf{Q})$ (require **elldata**) **E.gen**
 - $[a_1, a_2, a_3, a_4, a_6]$ from j -invariant **ellfromj(j)**
 - cubic/quartic/biquadratic to Weierstrass **ellfromeqn(eq)**
 - add points $P + Q$ / $P - Q$ **elladd(E, P, Q), ellsub**
 - negate point **ellneg(E, P)**
 - compute $n \cdot z$ **ellmul(E, z, n)**
 - check if z is on E **ellisoncurve(E, z)**
 - order of torsion point z **ellorder(E, z)**
 - y -coordinates of point(s) for x **ellordinate(E, x)**
 - point $[\wp(z), \wp'(z)]$ corresp. to z **ellztopoint(E, z)**
 - complex z such that $p = [\wp(z), \wp'(z)]$ **ellpointtoz(E, p)**
- Change of Weierstrass models, using** $v = [u, r, s, t]$
- | | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| change curve E using v | ellchangecurve(E, v) |
| change point z using v | ellchangept(z, v) |
| change point z using inverse of v | ellchangeptinv(z, v) |
- Twists and isogenies**
- | | |
|--|------------------------------|
| quadratic twist | elltwtst(E, D) |
| n -division polynomial $f_n(x)$ | elldivpol(E, n, {x}) |
| $[n]P = (\phi_n \psi_n : \omega_n : \psi_n^3)$; return (ϕ_n, ψ_n^2) | ellxn(E, n, v) |
| isogeny from E to E/G | ellisogeny(E, G) |
| apply isogeny to g (point or isogeny) | ellisogenyapply(f, g) |

Formal group

formal exponential, n terms	ellformalexp(E, {n}, {v})
formal logarithm, n terms	ellformalog(E, {n}, {v})
$L(-x/y) \in \mathbf{Q}_p$; $P \in E(\mathbf{Q}_p)$	ellpadiclog(E, p, n, P)
$[x, y]$ in the formal group	ellformalpoint(E, {n}, {v})
$[f, g], \omega = f(t)dt, x\omega = g(t)dt$	ellformaldifferential
$w = -1/y$ in parameter $-x/y$	ellformalw(E, {n}, {v})

Curves over finite fields, Pairings

random point on E	random(E)
$\#E(\mathbf{F}_q)$	ellcard(E)
$\#E(\mathbf{F}_q)$ with almost prime order	ellsea(E, {tors})
structure $\mathbf{Z}/d_1\mathbf{Z} \times \mathbf{Z}/d_2\mathbf{Z}$ of $E(\mathbf{F}_q)$	ellgroup(E)
is E supersingular?	ellissupersingular(E)
Weil pairing of m -torsion pts x, y	ellweilpairing(E, x, y, m)
Tate pairing of x, y ; x m -torsion	elltatepairing(E, x, y, m)
Discrete log, find n s.t. $P = [n]Q$	elllog(E, P, Q, {ord})

Curves over Q

Reduction, minimal model

minimal model of E/\mathbf{Q}	ellminimalmodel(E, {\&v})
quadratic twist of minimal conductor	ellminimaltwist
multiple with good reduction	ellnonsingularmultiple(E, P)

Complex heights

canonical height of P	ellheight(E, P)
canonical bilinear form taken at P, Q	ellheight(E, P, Q)
height regulator matrix for pts in x	ellheightmatrix(E, x)

p -adic heights

cyclotomic p -adic height of $P \in E(\mathbf{Q})$	ellpadicheight(E, P, n)
\dots bilinear form at $P, Q \in E(\mathbf{Q})$	ellpadicheight(E, P, n, Q)
\dots matrix at vector of points	ellpadicheightmatrix(E, p, n, x)
Frobenius on $\mathbf{Q}_p \otimes H_{dR}^1(E/\mathbf{Q})$	ellpadicfrobenius(E, p, n)
slope of unit eigenvector of Frobenius	ellpadics2(E, p, n)

Isogenous curves

matrix of isogeny degrees for Q -isog. curves	ellisomat(E)
a modular equation of prime degree N	ellmodulareqn(N)

L -function

p -th coeff a_p of L -function, p prime	ellap(E, p)
E supersingular at p ?	ellissupersingular(E, p)
k -th coeff a_k of L -function	ellak(E, k)
$L(E, s)$ (using less memory than lfun)	elllseries(E, s)
$L^{(r)}(E, 1)$ (using less memory than lfun)	elll1(E, r)
a Heegner point on E of rank 1	ellheegner(E)
order of vanishing at 1	ellanalyticrank(E, {eps})
root number for $L(E, \cdot)$ at p	ellrootno(E, {p})
modular parametrization of E	elltaniyama(E)
degree of modular parametrization	ellmoddegree(E)
p -adic L -function of E at χ^s	ellpadicL(E, p, n, {s = 0})

Elldata package, Cremona's database:

db code "11a1" \leftrightarrow [conductor, class, index]	ellconvertname(s)
generators of Mordell-Weil group	ellgenerators(E)
look up E in database	ellidentify(E)
all curves matching criterion	ellsearch(N)
loop over curves with cond. from a to b	forell(E, a, b, seq)

Curves over number field K

coeff a_p of L -function	ellap(E, p)
Kodaira type of \mathfrak{p} -fiber of E	elllocalred(E, p)
integral model of E/K	ellintegralmodel(E, {\&v})
minimal model of E/K	ellminimalmodel(E, {\&v})
cond, min mod, Tamagawa num $[N, v, c]$	ellglobalred(E)
$P \in E(K)$ n -divisible? $[n]Q = P$	ellisdivisible(E, P, n, {\&Q})

L -function

A domain $D = [c, w, h]$ in initialization mean we restrict $s \in \mathbf{C}$ to domain $|\Re(s) - c| < w, |\Im(s)| < h$; $D = [w, h]$ encodes $[1/2, w, h]$ and $[h]$ encodes $D = [1/2, 0, h]$ (critical line up to height h).
vector of first n a_k 's in L -function **ellan(E, n)**
init $L^{(k)}(E, s)$ for $k \leq n$ **L = lfunit(E, D, {n = 0})**
compute $L(E, s)$ (n -th derivative) **lfun(L, s, {n = 0})**
torsion subgroup with generators **elltors(E)**

Other curves of small genus

A hyperelliptic curve is given by a pair $[P, Q]$ ($y^2 + Qy = P$ with $Q^2 + 4P$ squarefree) or a single squarefree polynomial P ($y^2 = P$).
reduction of $y^2 + Qy = P$ (genus 2) **genus2red([P, Q], {p})**
find a rational point on a conic, ${}^t_xGx = 0$ **qfsolve(G)**
quadratic Hilbert symbol (at p) **hilbert(x, y, {p})**
all solutions in \mathbf{Q}^3 of ternary form **qfparam(G, x)**
 $P, Q \in \mathbf{F}_q[X]$; char. poly. of Frobenius **hyperellcharpoly([P, Q])**
matrix of Frobenius on $\mathbf{Q}_p \otimes H_{dR}^1$ **hyperellpadicfrobenius**

Elliptic & Modular Functions

$w = [\omega_1, \omega_2]$ or *ell* struct (**E.omega**), $\tau = \omega_1/\omega_2$.
arithmetic-geometric mean **agm(x, y)**
elliptic j -function $1/q + 744 + \dots$ **ellj(x)**
Weierstrass $\sigma/\wp/\zeta$ function **ellsigma(w, z), ellwp, ellzeta**
periods/quasi-periods **ellperiods(E, {flag}), ellleta(w)**
 $(2i\pi/\omega_2)^k E_k(\tau)$ **elleisnum(w, k, {flag})**
modified Dedekind η func. $\prod(1 - q^n)$ **eta(x, {flag})**
Dedekind sum $s(h, k)$ **sumdedekind(h, k)**
Jacobi sine theta function **theta(q, z)**
 k -th derivative at $z=0$ of $\theta(q, z)$ **thetanullk(q, k)**
Weber's f functions **weber(x, {flag})**
modular pol. of level N **polmodular(N, {inv = j})**
Hilbert class polynomial for $\mathbf{Q}(\sqrt{D})$ **polclass(D, {inv = j})**

Based on an earlier version by Joseph H. Silverman

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Send comments and corrections to (Karim.Belabas@math.u-bordeaux.fr)